Предисловие

Основная цель данного пособия — помочь ученикам 4 класса в освоении грамматики английского языка, в развитии и автоматизации навыков и умений правильно употреблять грамматические формы в речи.

В книге представлен материал, соответствующий школьной программе. Данное пособие может служить дополнением к учебнику для 4 класса и использоваться как на уроках и факультативах, так и для самостоятельной работы дома. В конце книги даны ключи.

Каждый грамматический раздел содержит тренировочные упражнения с образцом выполнения для развития и совершенствования грамматических навыков.

Приступая к работе, ученик должен внимательно прочитать задание к упражнению и пример его выполнения. Желательно не только выполнить упражнение письменно, но и проговорить всё вслух.

Успехов в изучении английского языка!

UNIT 1. MY FRIEND

1.1. Глагол to be (утверждение)

1. Напиши полную форму.			
1. They're happy They ar	<u>re</u> happy	•	
2. I'm nine. – I	1	nine.	
3. He's fine. – He	f	fine.	
4. She's Helen. – She			
5. You're pupils. – You	1	oupils.	
6. We're friends. – We	f	friends.	
2. Напиши краткую форму	/.		
1. We are happy. – We're h	appy.		
2. You are from Belarus		from Belarus.	
3. They are nice girls The	ey		nice girls.
4. I am eleven. – I			eleven.
5. She is my friend. – She			
6. He is my brother. – He			my brother.
3. Вставь <u>is / am / are</u> .			
1. She <i>is</i> from Belarus.			
2. They	my frie	ends.	
3. You			
4. Liz		er.	
5. The dogs			
6. He			
7. We			
8. Bob and Tom			
9. My Granny	old.		
10. I		pupil.	

1.2. Глагол to be (вопрос и отрицание) 4. Вставь Is / Are. 1. *Is* he a pupil? 2. _____ we from Belarus? 3. _____ it a brown lion? 4. _____ she nice? 5. _____ you kind? 6. _____ they good friends? 7. _____ Ann beautiful? 8. _____ Ann and Nina sisters? 9. _____ your granny fine? 10. ____ her brothers naughtv? 5. Обведи глагол-связку. Поставь вопрос. 1. Heis a teacher. Is he a teacher? 2. She is kind. _____ kind? 3. We are good friends. _____ good friends? fine? 4. I am fine. 5. It is a big school. _____ a big school? 6. They are from London. _____ from London? 6. Напиши отрицание.

bad pupils.

1. We are happy. – We aren't happy.

2. Mike is clever. – Mike _____ clever.

4. I am lazy. – I _____ lazy.
5. His uncle is kind. – His uncle _____ kind.

3. The boys are naughty. – The boys _____ naughty.

6. Sam and Pam are bad pupils. – Sam and Pam

<mark>7.</mark> Задай вопросы и дай краті	кие ответы.
1. He is fine. – <u>Is he</u> fine? – Ye	es, <u>he is</u> .
2. Tom is a pupil. –	
a puj	pil? – Yes,
3. Liz is from London. –	
from	London? – No,
4. They are clever. –	
clev	ver? - Yes,
5. Her sons are naughty. –	
	nty? - No,
6. Polly and I are good friends	•
good f	friends? – Yes,
1. Я ученик.	
2. Она учительница.	
3. Они счастливы.	
4. Анна из Минска?	
5. Мы не ленивые.	
9. Исправь ошибки.	
a) His school are big.	d) Her sister aren't lazy.
b) I is a good pupil.	e) Am her sons naughty?
c) They isn't friends.	f) Is his brothers clever?

1.4. Глагол to have (утверждение)

10. Напиши сокращённую форму.

- 1. He has got blue eyes. He's got blue eyes.
- 2. She has got dark hair. _____ dark hair.
- 3. We have got fair hair. _____ fair hair.
- 4. You have got two eyes. _____ two eyes.
- 5. He has got a big nose. _____ a big nose.
- 6. They have got short hair. _____ short hair.

11. Напиши полную форму.

- 1. She's got green eyes. She has got green eyes.
- 2. They've got long hair. _____ long hair.
- 3. He's got short hair. _____ short hair.
- 4. I've got two ears. _____ two ears.
- 5. We've got blue eyes. _____ blue eyes.
- 6. She's got a red mouth. _____ a red mouth.

12. Вставь have got / has got.

- 1. Mike *has got* a pet.
- 2. I _____ dark hair.
- 3. Liz _____ green eyes.
- 4. We _____ fair hair.
- 5. The cat _____ little ears.
- 6. The boys _____ short hair.
- 7. They _____ a tall father.
- 8. The boy _____ got a big nose.
- 9. The girl _____ long hair.
- 10. You _____ a little mouth.
- 11. Liz and Ann _____ a tall brother.

1.5. Глагол to have (вопрос и отрицание)

I3. Вставь <u>Have / Has</u> .			
1. <i>Has</i> he got a big nose?			
2 we got fair l	nair?		
3 it got short			
4 she got a red			
5 you got blue	you got blue eyes?		
6 they got frie	they got friends?		
7 Ann got big			
8 Ann and Nin			
9 your granny	y got grey hair?		
10 her brothers	her brothers got a ball?		
 Обведи глагол-связку. Пос 	TABL BOUDOC		
L. He has got a kind teacher. <u>Ha</u>		acher?	
2. She has got a pink mouth.			
3. We have got two friends.			
4. I have got little ears.			
5. It has got a kitten.			
6. They have got short hair.		short hair?	
15. Напиши отрицательные пр	едложения.		
1. We have got a friend.			
We haven't got a friend.			
2. The dog has got big ears.	1.		
The dog			
3. The boys have got short hair.			
The boys	short hair.		
1. Dave has got a little mouth.	11		
Dave	_ a little mouth.		
5. You have got a red nose.			
You	a red nose.		

1.6. Глагол to have (утверждение, вопрос и отрицание)

1	6.	Задай	вопр	осы	и.	дай	краткие	ответы.
	•	Оидил	DOIL	JOODI		дии	MPGIMIC	OIDCIDI.

1. I have got fair hair.

Have you got fair hair? - Yes, I have.

- 2. The boys have got a tall father.
- 3. We have got dark hair.

a tall father? – Yes, _____

4. They've got little ears.

little ears? - Yes,

5. Liz has got a pink mouth.

a pink mouth? - Yes, _____

dark hair.? – No.

6. He's got a long nose.

a long nose? - No, _____

17. Переведи.

- 1. У меня есть высокий брат.
- 2. У него голубые глаза и короткие светлые волосы.
- 3. У её щенка нет длинных ушей.
- 4. У Анны маленький рот?
- 5. У них тёмные волосы.

18. Исправь ошибки.

- 1. Frogs hasn't got hair.
- 2. Tim has got a blue eves.
- 3. Have the snake got ears?
- 4. Mike haven't got a red mouth.
- 5. My sisters has got long hair.

1.7. Глагол сап (утверждение, вопрос и отрицание)

19. Вставь частицу <u>to</u> там	ı, где это необходи <mark>м</mark> о	
1. Sam can	swim.	
2. I like		
3. The children want	swim.	
4. Fred can't		ants
ride a bike very much.		
5. She doesn't like	play tennis.	
6. Do you want		
7. Dogs can't		
20 . Напиши отрицательны	ые предложения.	
1. Tom can play hockey. –	Tom <u>can't</u> play hockey	7.
2. They can dance. They _		dance.
3. Ted can roller-skate. Ted		
4. Parrots can swim. Parro		
5. Liz can sing. Liz		sing.
6. My sister can play tenni	s. My sister	
tennis.		
7. Her brother can play for	otball. Her brother	
football.		
21 . Напиши общие вопро	сы.	
1. She can skate in winter.	- <u>Can</u> she skate in wir	nter?
2. Steve can draw		draw?
3. These boys can ski		
4. Frogs can jump		jump?
5. Helen can read		
read?		
6. His father can play bask	etball.	
basketball?		
7. His mother can play vol	leyball.	
volleyball?		

1.8. Глагол сап (утверждение, вопрос и отрицание)

22. Задай вопросы и дай краткие ответы.

1. She can ski in winter.

Can she ski in winter? - Yes, she can.

2. Ann can roller-skate.

? - Yes, ____

3. My mum and I can play tennis.

? – No, ____

4. The girls can dance very well.

? - Yes, ____

5. His brother can sing.

? – No, _____

6. Mike and Ted can draw.

? – No, _____

23. Переведи.

- 1. Её папа умеет кататься на лыжах хорошо.
- 2. Моя маленькая сестра не умеет читать.
- 3. Его собаки умеют бегать, прыгать, плавать и танцевать.
- 4. Умеешь ты кататься на роликах?
- 5. Умеет его друг играть в футбол?

24. Исправь ошибки.

- 1. Sam can to run.
- 2. Polly can swim well?
- 3. Can you play tennis? No, I can.
- 4. His brother can't to sing.
- 5. Ann cans dance very well.

1.9. Глагол в Present Simple (утверждение)

25. Выбери и обведи правильный вариант.

- 1. My brother play / plays computer games on Monday.
- 2. The pupils **do / does** homework very well.
- 3. She watch / watches TV with her granny on Wednesday.
- 4. Peter listen / listens to music with Pam.
- 5. My granny and grandad watch / watches TV on Saturday.
- 6. The boys go / goes for a walk together.
- 7. His brother roller-skate / roller-skates in the park.
- 8. Sam ride / rides a bike on Saturday and Sunday.

26. Составь 6 предложений и напиши их.

I	go	to music	on Tuesday		
Nick	does	for a walk	on Wednesday		
Nick and Mike	listens	homework	on Thursday		
My friend	play	TV	on Friday		
Her brothers	rides	computer games	on Saturday		
The girl	watch	a bike	on Sunday		
27. Вставь предл	оги (with	/ to / on / for/ in), ed	ли они нужны.		
goa walk	, listen	music, watch	TVSunday,		
roller-skate friends, play computer games, ride					
		en the teach			
Tuesday			•		